



Date: April 28, 2020

To: San Joaquin County Medical Community

From: Maggie Park, MD, Health Officer

Health Advisory Update for COVID-19

Laboratory Update:

- As more COVID-19 testing options are becoming available be aware that many tests that are being marketed have not yet been approved by the FDA. Consult the FDA EUA website for a list of approved tests. <u>https://www.fda.gov/medicaldevices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/emergency-use-</u> <u>authorizations#covid19ivd</u>. Caution is advised with using non-approved tests.
- <u>Serology</u>: Antibody testing should not be used as the basis to diagnose or exclude COVID-19 infection, or to determine immune status at this time. More research is needed to understand how to interpret the results. Testing early in infection can be falsely negative; positive tests may be cross reactions from a previous non-COVID-19 coronavirus infection. Only a PCR can determine if a patient's symptoms are due to COVID-19.
- For any concerns about a testing laboratory, contact California Department of Public Health Laboratory Field Services at <u>LFSCOVID@cdph.ca.gov</u>.

Discontinuation of Home Isolation:

- Instruct all patients who test positive for COVID-19 <u>or</u> who are symptomatic and suspected of having COVID-19 but not tested to stay in isolation at their home, if not hospitalized. They may discontinue isolation under the following conditions:
 - At least 3 days (72 hours) have passed since recovery defined as resolution of fever without the use of fever-reducing medications, <u>and</u> improvement in respiratory and acute symptoms, <u>and</u>
 - > At least 7 days have passed since symptoms first appeared.
 - https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/disposition-in-home-patients.html

Symptom Incidence in COVID-19+:

Patients testing positive for COVID-19 are presenting with a variety of symptoms and are do not always have a fever, cough or shortness of breath (see chart below). CDC recently added the following symptoms:

- Chills
- Repeated shaking with chills (rigors)
- Muscle pain

- Headache
- Sore throat
- New loss of taste or smell

| Sign/Symptom | Percentage with sign/symptom | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Pediatric (<18 yrs) | Adult (18-64 yrs) |
| Fever, cough, or shortness of breath | 73% | 93% |
| Fever | 56% | 71% |
| Cough | 54% | 80% |
| Shortness of breath | 13% | 43% |
| Myalgia | 23% | 61% |
| Runny nose | 7.2% | 6.9% |
| Sore throat | 24% | 35% |
| Headache | 28% | 58% |
| Nausea/Vomiting | 11% | 16% |
| Abdominal pain | 5.8% | 12% |
| Diarrhea | 13% | 31% |
| | | |

TABLE. Signs and symptoms among patients with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 in the U.S.

Reference: Coronavirus Disease 2019 in Children — United States, February 12–April 2, 2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. ePub: 6 April 2020. DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm6914e4</u>

Death Certificates:

If you suspect COVID-19 as the cause of death or a significant condition contributing to death in a patient who has not been tested, a post-mortum specimen can be sent for testing or the condition may be stated as *"Probable COVID-19"* or *"Probable SARS-CoV-2"* on the death certificate.

Reporting:

It is essential that all medical care providers report COVID-19 cases to San Joaquin County Public Health Services. This allows us to isolate the patients quickly, and start a contact investigation to identify others who may have been exposed or have symptoms and need to be quarantined.

For reporting:

- CMR is available at: <u>http://www.sjcphs.org/disease/disease_control_reporting.aspx</u>; email completed form to <u>PHSEpidemiologist@sjcphs.org</u>.
- > Call SJCPHS Communicable Disease Program at (209) 468- 3822.